

10 Days / 7 Nights

Together We Stand At the Land of "ICE" & "GREEN"

+ Copenhagen

In - depth TOUR HIGHLIGHTS

- ☑ Explore monstrous iceberg ~ Kulusuk, Greenland
- ☑ Unforgettable Helicopter ride (6-9") ~ Tasiilaq, Greenland
- ☑ Chances* to explore the "Midnight Sun" above the Greenland
- ☑ Ride a speedboat slices through the freezing water, Glacier & Iceberg
- ☑ Walking experience in InnuIt Kapdan Village ~ Kulusuk, Greenland
- ☑ Experience "Drum Dance" ~ Kulusuk cultural folk dance
- ☑ Discover the world's northern most capital ~ Reykjavik, Iceland
- ☑ Swimming in the piping-hot waters of the geothermal field ~ Blue Lagoon, Iceland
- ☑ Option to ride the snowmobile Glacier Adventure ~ south shore, Iceland
- ☑ Discover Denmark from wild and woolly to sleek and civilized



On the Schedule we both stand on the **LAND of ICE. ICELAND** the Majestic landscape of has very few alike in the world stretching from the beautiful coast line to the magnificent highlands. Beside the obvious, that is clean nature and unpolluted water and air. Iceland is not only closer than you think, but far different than you ever imagined. Where else can you witness such marvels of Mother Nature as a tremendous icecap and several glaciers, spouting geysers and steaming solfataras, volcanoes, raging rivers and magnificent waterfalls and many other surprises.

Regardless of when to visit, be assured that the warmth shown by Icelanders, their desire to share their culture and efforts made to make your stay as pleasant as possible will, like the spectacular landscape, never be forgotten.

On the schedule together we stand on the **LAND of GREEN. GREENLAND** is the largest island in the world. Its northerly location at the point where the Atlantic meet the Arctic Ocean. The ice cap or inland ice covers 1,833,900 square km, equivalent to 85 percent of Greenland's total area, and extends 2,500 km (1,553 miles) from north to south and up to 1,000 km from east to west.

At its centre, the ice can be up to 3 km thick, representing 10 percent of the world's total fresh water reserves. If all the ice were to melt, the world's oceans would rise seven meters.



Purposed Itinerary

D1 KLIA ~ Singapore or Bangkok ~ COPENHAGEN (Denmark) MOB

Check in at KLIA Airport to board your flight to Scandinavia's entrée port Copenhagen by the premier airlines via Singapore/Bangkok. Total flying time is approximately 13hours from point to point exclude the transit port time.

D2 Arrival COPENHAGEN (Denmark) MOB/L/D

- ❖ Arrive Copenhagen in the morning, after immigration and custom clearance, start the 4 hours half day city tour of Copenhagen. Start Copenhagen city tour which covers all the major sights of this Danish Capital. The Photo stop at **The Statue of H.C. Anderson** and **Tivoli Garden**, world famous and the oldest theme park in Europe, the **City Hall** will in your list also, free yourself to walk around at **Strøget** shopping street. Next drive around (photo stop) at The **Nyhavn or New Harbor**, is a popular area in Copenhagen, with both locals and tourists. Starting from the memorial anchor at Kongens Nytorv, the street is lined with many bars and restaurant facing out to a picturesque harbour. It's a colourful sight to see and you will have the chance to look for Nyhave 18 where author H.C. Anderson lived here for some years. Last but not least, It's a car-free zone in Copenhagen. The popular tourist attraction in the centre of town, it's also the longest pedestrian shopping area in Europe.
- ❖ Chinese lunch, After lunch continue to visit the tour of Copenhagen.
- ❖ **The Little Mermaid**, inspired by Hans Christian Andersen's fairytale and also well know as one of the defining symbols of Copenhagen.
- ❖ **Gefion Fountain**, it is the largest monument in Copenhagen also a wishing well. The fountain conceal a mythical story of the creation of the island of Zealand.
- ❖ After tour check in to the local hotel for rest and leisure and maybe shopping and walking in the old city.

D3 COPENHAGEN (Denmark) ~ REYKJAVIK (Iceland) (B/L/D)

- Scandinavian Buffet breakfast at hotel then transfer to airport for flight to Iceland.
- ❖ Fly Air Icelander to **REYKJAVIK** ~ Iceland is an island in the North Atlantic Ocean. The most northern tip of the island lies just below the Arctic Circle.
- ❖ Upon arrival, proceed to **The Blue Lagoon**; enjoy bathing and relaxing in Blue Lagoon geothermal seawater.
BLUE LAGOON ~ The Blue Lagoon is a unique geothermal spa where guests relax in warm geothermal seawater. A visit to the Blue Lagoon is an invigorating and exciting experience, whether you choose to bathe in the delicate waters surrounded by snow in the middle of winter, or while enjoying the long days of summer. The geothermal spa's state-of-the-art facilities include: modern changing rooms and showers, an indoor Blue Lagoon pool, a conference room and a restaurant overlooking the Blue Lagoon are on the premises. A geothermal beach, lava caves and silica mud is parts of the lagoon area. In addition to bathing in the lagoon, guests enjoy relaxing in a lava cave and a unique geothermal steam bath. The Blue Lagoon's warm water and natural active ingredients: salts, silica and blue green algae help our guests relax and escape the stress and strain of daily life. The Blue Lagoon's white Silica mud gently cleanses and exfoliates the skin and has revitalizing effects on the skin while the blue green algae. (*Includes towel and lotion)
- ❖ **Reykjavik** ~ is the capitol of Iceland. It's a city with just over 100.000 people and is located in Southwest Iceland by Faxaflói, Iceland's biggest bay. The story of Reykjavik goes as far back as to the first settler Ingólfur Arnarson who came to Iceland in 874 and builds himself a farm in Reykjavik. The name means "an inlet with smoke" or "Smoky Bay" and that may be one of the reasons he settled here. He saw steam coming from the ground and found natural hot springs that must have been very useful in those days. Nothing much is going on in Reykjavik until the 16th century when Reykjavik had become a trading place and by the time it was established as an independent town in 1876 it had some 170 inhabitants. By 1900 the numbers were almost 6.000 and 55.000 around 1950. It is a modern city where all the houses are heated by hot water. The staircases of apartment blocks are heated and even the parking lots and sidewalks in front of many homes and businesses have hot water flowing through to melt the snow during winter. Also very noticeable for foreign visitors are the colourful roofs and houses of the city. It is a cosmopolitan city with very active nightlife and many museums and art galleries. Reykjavik will be one of Europe's culture cities in the year 2000.

D4 REYKJAVIK (Iceland) ~ KULUSUK (Greenland) ~ TASIILAQ (B/L/D)

- Scandinavian Buffet breakfast at hotel
- ❖ Transfer to airport for flight to KULUSUK of Greenland. A light meal is served on board
- ❖ **Kulusuk** ~ is the largest of the six villages (350 inhabitants) in Ammassalik municipality. In the busy summer months there are several arrivals and departures daily and the village buzzes with life. Although several thousand tourists visit Kulusuk every year, the village is still remarkably untouched by foreign influence. As in the other villages in the district, this is where one comes closest to the original Greenland culture. Fishing and service trades are gaining ground but catching seal, whale and polar bear remains an important source of income for the vast majority of families. Kulusuk is home to some of the most skilled craftspeople in Greenland, and their tupilaks, carved figures symbolising spirits, are of extremely high quality. A good half of the population of Ammassalik municipality lives in the villages.
- ❖ Upon arrival, only eight minutes flying time from Kulusuk **by helicopter** to Tasiilaq

- ❖ **Tasiilaq** ~ is situated on a fjord which is protected from the open sea by a narrow mouth, and the first sight that welcomes arriving guests looking out of the helicopter window is of the many brightly-coloured houses built along the mountainsides. Tasiilaq, also known as former name of Ammassalik and it is rightfully considered as **one of the most beautiful towns in Greenland**. A small river flowing through the Valley of Flowers behind the town divides the town in two.
- ❖ In **Tasiilaq**, Visit the town's first church – **Ammassalik Museum**, from 1908 stands high above the harbour. Beautifully restored, it now houses the local museum with an interesting collection of objects from both recent and ancient history.
- ❖ Continue to the town of the town's new pentagonal church – The Church, was built in 1985. Its inner walls, ceiling and alter were decorated by the Greenlandic artist Aka Høegh
- ❖ Stay a night in **Tasiilaq** overlooking the fjord and the harbour.

D5 TASIILAQ ~ KULUSUK (Greenland) (B/L/D)

- After breakfast, back to Kulusuk village by boat and start another wonderful excursion day!
- ❖ This thrilling all-day excursion introduces you to the specially arranged
- ❖ **A small boat through** Greenland waters is a visit to the world's largest sculpture park. Icebergs in all sizes and shapes are on display. Larger icebergs last three to four years and may drift all the way down to New York City before they vanish. The distribution of the icebergs depends on current and wind conditions. When sailing in Greenland you'll sometimes experience that the ship has to zigzag to make it way ahead and almost squeeze in between the white giants.
- ❖ **This wonderful experience is called prefect snowy adventures where offered by the Natural Mother Earth.**
- ❖ Take a scenic 30-minute guided walk to **Kulusuk Village**. After one hour guided tour around the village, there is free time to stroll around and observe daily life and handicrafts. Weather permitting; see a demonstration of the ancient drum dance, a tradition that has vanished from other regions of Greenland.
- ❖ Overnight at the Kulusuk Hotel for rest and leisure with snow White Mountain cap.

D6 KULUSUK (Greenland) ~ REYKJAVIK (Iceland) (B/L/D)

- Scandinavian Buffet breakfast at hotel
- ❖ Transfer to airport for flight back to Reykjavik, Iceland
- ❖ Upon arrival to Reykjavik, proceed to the city tour where cover; as mention we will not miss out *the statue of Ingólfur Arnarson* the first settler in Iceland is in downtown Reykjavik on Arnarhóll hill. Next to *The Cathedral* build in 1796 also stands by Austurvöllur. It is being rebuilt now (1999) as close to it's original state as possible. It is one of the more picturesque buildings in downtown Reykjavik. And *the statue of nationalist Jón Sigurdsson*, the leader of the movement fighting for independence from Denmark, stands on Austurvöllur opposite the Parliament House. June the 17th, his birthday, was chosen as Independence Day when Iceland became independent in 1944. City tour will end at *Lake Tjörninn*. Where ducks and geese stay there all winter and are generously fed by caring citizens that in return get to use the often frozen lake for skating or just messing around on the ice.

D7 REYKJAVIK (Iceland) ~ SOUTH SHORE (Iceland) (B/L/D)

- Scandinavian Buffet breakfast at hotel
- ❖ A visit to The South of Iceland, it is unique and that part of the country which by far the greatest numbers of foreign visitors come to. There everything that makes Iceland interesting to visit can be found the year around. Here history follows you at every footstep, both ancient and recent. There is creative art, culture and flourishing trade and endless possibilities to enjoy the outdoor life in all seasons. Above all there is the awesome and rugged nature from the mountains to the sea.
- ❖ **Hveragerði** ~ is set in a large geothermal area and has a relatively short history, being only a few decades old. Greenhouse cultivation is the primary industry, with the main emphasis on vegetables but to an increasing extent on flowers as well.
Actual utilization of geothermal heat in this country started only around 70 years ago but has now become very well established and today this source of energy is among Iceland's most Important natural resource.
Hveragerði has developed along with technical progress and during the town's short history, geothermal energy has been harnessed by the inhabitants for various proposes. One of the largest swimming pools in the country was built here just before World war II. It is heated with natural hot water, as is the case with almost all swimming pools in Iceland today.
- ❖ **Myrdalsjökull Glacier Adventure** we drive along the coastal plains of South Iceland to the District of Eyjafjöll Mountains. There is spectacular scenery along the way, many beautiful waterfalls, Skogafoss and Seljalandsfoss to name two and the Glacier Eyjafjallajökull on top of the Eyjafjöll Mountains. Then ascend to an altitude of nearly 800 meters to the edge of the glacier. On the way back we off road to take a look at the black beaches of South Iceland
The Myrdalsjökull ~ is the fourth largest glacier with an area of about 590 km². It rests on a very volcanically active mountain massif, which erupted very powerfully in 1918. Its volcano is called Katla and its caldera is estimated to have a diameter of about 10 km.

Optional tour on Snowmobile tours is available at Myrdalsjokul glacier

- ❖ **Skógafoss** ~ is situated in the south of Iceland at the cliffs of the former coastline. After the coastline had receded into the sea (it is now at a distance of about 5 km from Skógar), the cliffs stayed behind parallel to the coast over hundreds of kilometers, creating together with some mountains a clear border between the Lowlands and the Highlands of Iceland. The Skógafoss is one of the biggest and most beautiful waterfalls of the country with a width of 25 meters and a drop of 60 meters. Due to the amount of spray the waterfall consistently produces, a single or double rainbow is normally visible on sunny days. According to legend, the first Viking settler in the area, Þrasi Þórólfsson, buried a treasure in a cave behind the waterfall. A local boy found the chest years later, but was only able to grasp the ring on the side of the chest before it disappeared again.
- ❖ **Seljalandsfoss** ~ is one of the most famous waterfalls of Iceland. It is very picturesque and therefore its photo can be found in many books and calendars. It was a waypoint during the first leg of The Amazing Race 6. Seljalandsfoss is situated in between Selfoss and Skogafoss at the road crossing of Route 1 (the Ring Road) with the track going into Þórsmörk. This waterfall of the river *Seljalandsá* drops 60 meters over the cliffs of the former coastline. It is possible to go behind the waterfall.
- ❖ **Vík** ~ the southernmost village of Iceland. We visit the breathtaking black beach at Reynishverfi or the promontory Dyrhólaey, a nature reserve and home to thousands of seabirds. It is along with several rock stacks and around the glacier area.

D8 SOUTH SHORE (Iceland) ~ GOLDEN CIRCLE TOUR ~ REYKJAVIK (Iceland) (B/L/D)

- ❖ Today, a full day tour of **Golden Circle Tour** ~ this popular excursion offers some of the best-known natural phenomena of Iceland.
- ❖ **Gullfoss** ~ is one of the most popular tourist attractions in the country. As one first approaches the falls, the crevice is obscured from view, so that it appears that a mighty river simply vanishes into the earth. During the first half of the 20th century and some years into the late 20th century, there was much speculation about utilizing Gullfoss to create electricity. During this period, the waterfall was rented indirectly by its owners, Tómas Tómasson and Halldór Halldórsson, to foreign investors; however, the investors' attempts were unsuccessful, partly due to lack of money. The waterfall was later sold to the state of Iceland. Even after it was sold, there were plans to utilize Hvítá, which would have changed the waterfall forever. This was not done, and later the waterfall was conserved.
- ❖ **Geysers** ~ are found in active volcanic areas or land that is prone to earthquakes. Thermal or hot springs are also a feature, as are boiling mud pools, often appreciated for their medicinal qualities. The Great Geyser of Iceland, which first erupted in the 14th century, that the world's geysers take their name. It used to erupt every 60 minutes until the early 1900s when it became dormant. Earthquakes in June 2000 subsequently reawakened the giant and it now erupts approximately every 8 to 10 hours. The second most famous geyser in Iceland is **Strokkur**, which erupts every 8 minutes throwing a column of water and steam to a height of 20 metres or so. There are also several other smaller ones.

D9 REYKJAVIK (Iceland) ~ COPENHAGEN (Denmark) ~ Singapore or Bangkok (B)

Scandinavian buffet breakfast at hotel
Transfer to airport for flight back home via Copenhagen or London

D10 Bangkok or Singapore ~ KLIA (MOB)

Flight back home via Singapore/Bangkok
With sweet memories and lot of souvenirs to share with your friends

VERY IMPORTANT REMARKS

1. The above itinerary is subject to final flight confirmation and the local tour operator final discretion. However, the night stay, number of meals and sightseeing places will remain unchanged.
2. We strongly recommend you to buy a Safe Travel Insurance* before departure.
3. **The bad weather may cause the stop operate or delay of helicopter / aircraft in Greenland. Tour member is required to bear additional cost for their own expenses such as hotel, food or transportation and re-issue of any new ticket.**
4. Mid nights sun is subject to the weather condition*
5. Weather forecast: between -5 °C to 10 °C,
6. For more information, please visit our website at www.appleholiday.com
7. Limited seat only, please contact your agent for reservation.
8. Tour code: TGICEG10